

## 2.3.02-00 Diffraction of light at a slit and an edge



## What you can learn about ...

- Intensity
- Fresnel integrals
- Fraunhofer diffraction

## Principle:

Monochromatic light is incident on a slit or an edge. The intensity distribution of the diffraction pattern is determined.

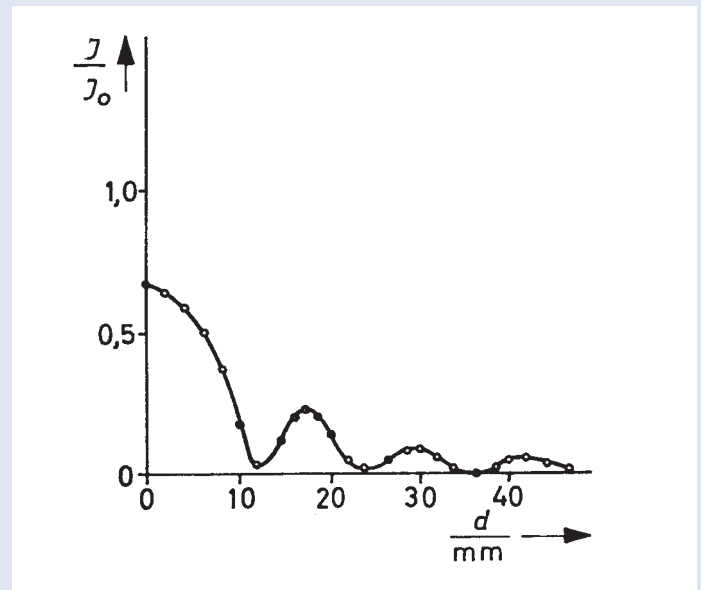
## What you need:

Laser, He-Ne 1.0 mW, 230 VAC	08181.93	1
Photoelement for optical base plate	08734.00	1
Lens holder	08012.00	1
Lens, mounted, $f = -50$ mm	08026.01	1
Slit, adjustable	08049.00	1
Screen, metal, 300 mm x 300 mm	08062.00	1
Barrel base -PASS-	02006.55	4
Meter Scale, $l = 1000 \times 27$ mm	03001.00	1
G-clamp	02014.00	1
Measuring tape, $l = 2$ m	09936.00	1
Multi-range meter with amplifier	07034.00	1

## \*Alternative:

Universal measuring amplifier	13625.93	1
Digital multimeter 2010	07128.00	1
Connecting cord, $l = 75$ cm, red	07362.01	1
Connecting cord, $l = 75$ cm, blue	07362.04	1

Complete Equipment Set, Manual on CD-ROM included  
Diffraction of light at a slit and an edge P2230200



Intensity distribution on diffraction at the slit, as a function of the position along a straight line parallel to the plane of the slit, standardised on the intensity without the slit.

## Tasks:

1. Measurement of the width of a given slit.
2. Measurement of the intensity distribution of the diffraction pattern of the slit and
3. of the edge.



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